



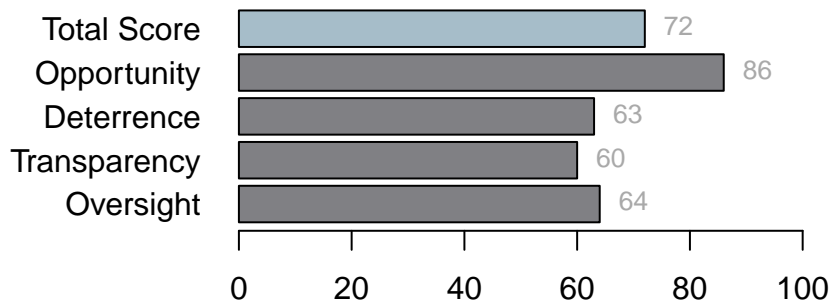
Bangladesh

Overall Risk Score: 72

Risk Level: high

This score is a composite of the four domain scores discussed below, which are weighted and combined to produce the overall country risk score. Each country is given a score from 1 to 100 for each domain and for the total bribery risk. A higher score indicates a higher risk of business bribery. Assessments of whether a given domain score is “good” or “poor” are made relative to all other jurisdictions within that domain.

- 1. Business Interactions with Government:** Bangladesh receives a poor score of 86 in this domain, based on a high degree of government interaction, a high expectation of bribes, and a high regulatory burden.
- 2. Anti-bribery Deterrence and Enforcement:** Bangladesh receives a poor score of 63 in this domain, based on a low quality of anti-bribery dissuasion and a low quality of anti-bribery enforcement.
- 3. Government and Civil Service Transparency:** Bangladesh receives a medium score of 60 in this domain, based on medium governmental transparency and poor transparency of financial interests.
- 4. Capacity for Civil Society Oversight:** Bangladesh receives a poor score of 64 in this domain, based on a low degree of media freedom/quality and a low degree of civil society engagement.



TRACE Bribery Risk Typology: Democracy with simpler economy

This group is typified by stable democratic government and an economy largely built on the export of a limited number of simple products.

Comparable Jurisdictions	Matrix Scores
Bolivia	66
Comoros	66
Nicaragua	69

Learn more about the TRACE Bribery Risk Matrix and Bribery Risk Typology at matrixbrowser.TRACEinternational.org